

IZA World of Labor Data Citation Convention

Introduction

The Institute of Labor Economics (IZA) recognizes the importance of proper citation of data for the following reasons:

- acknowledges the author's sources,
- · makes identifying data easier,
- promotes the reproduction of research results,
- allows the impact of data to be tracked.

IZA has devised a data citation convention that takes into account prior work done by respectable institutions. http://idsc.iza.org/citations

Adoption in IZA World of Labor

We propose the following decision sequence for authors who use original data in their IZA World of Labor contribution:

- 1. If the data provider of the data you use in your article has a citation convention required or suggested, please do follow those.
- 2. If not, please use the one developed by the International Data Service Center (IDSC) of IZA.

If a DOI or other persistent identifier is assigned to the data set used please use it in your citation.

Required elements for: GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT

<u>Author(s)</u>: This is the creator of the data set (individual, a group of individuals, or an organization). If an institution (or institutions) is/are provided as primary researcher(s) only these will be cited.

<u>Publication date (year):</u> The date refers to the year of publication/creation/presentation of the data set.

<u>Title:</u> The title and, if applicable further titles of the study.

EXAMPLES

	Tables
Graphical	Author(s). Title, publication year.
abstract	Author. Title of Table/data source [if applicable], publication year;
	Table(s) #.
Examples	Hall, A., A. Siefer, and M. Tiemann. BIBB/BAuA-Employment Survey
	2012, 2014.
	National Center for Education Statistics, 2008; Table 3.
	Federal Interagency Forum on Aging-Related Statistics. Older
	Americans 2008: Key Indicators of Well-Being, 2008; Table 35A.
	Figures
Graphical	Author. Figure(s) #/Title of Figure [if applicable], Publication Date.
abstract	
Example	OECD. Net pension replacement rates, Men, % of pre-retirement
	earnings (indicator), 2015.



Additional elements required for: TABLES AND FIGURES in Part II

<u>Publication agent (if available)</u>: The name of the institution/center that published the data set. That is the organization either hosting the data or performing quality assurance.

<u>Global Identifier</u> (*if available*): An identifier for the data, according to a persistent scheme. That is the (unique) reference to the data: DOI.

<u>Version</u> (*if available*): Version of the data. This number increases when the data changes (add more data points/re-run a derivation process)

EXAMPLES:

	Tables
Main text (Part II)	Author. "Title of data source(s) [if applicable]." In: Publisher (eds). <i>Title of Reference Book or Reference Journal</i> . Publisher location: Publisher name, publication date; pp. xxx–xxx, Table(s) #. Global identifier
Example	Fairlie, R., and A. Robb. <i>Race and Entrepreneurial Success: Black-, Asian-, and White-Owned Businesses in the United States</i> . Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 2008; Tables 2.5, 2.6, and 2.7. ISBN 9780262062817
Main text (Part II)	Author. Figure(s) #/ Title of Figure. Publisher, Publication Date. Version [if applicable], Global identifier
Example	OECD. Net pension replacement rates, Men, % of pre-retirement earnings (indicator). OECD, 2015. doi: 10.1787/4b03f028-en

Summary:

- When citing use the citation style required by the editor/publisher/IZA.
- If no form is suggested take a standard citation style (Dataverse's, Datacite) and adapt it to match the style for textual publications.
- Give data set identifiers in the form of a unique identifier (e.g. DOI, URL, ISBN) wherever possible.
- Cite the data sets at the finest-grained level available.
- If a data set exists in several versions, be sure to cite the exact version which was used.

Support:

If there are cases not covered by this convention we offer assistance in incorporating them so feel free to contact the IDSC of IZA at: idsc@iza.org

Data Repository Service

Furthermore, the International Data Service Center (IDSC) of IZA offers a data repository service for labor economics. It enables the creator of a data set to deposit it with IZA's data repository, to document it, preserve it as well as to get a DOI to make it citable. See http://idsc.iza.org/datasets.